

APPENDIX

Penal Code of Texas of 1925, as amended

Article 302—Perjury

Perjury is a false statement made, relating to something past or present, under the sanction of an oath, or such affirmation as is by law equivalent to an oath, where such oath or affirmation is legally administered, under circumstances in which an oath or affirmation is required by law, or is necessary for the prosecution or defense of any private right, or is necessary for the ends of public justice, or is necessary for the conduct of any official hearing, inquiry, meeting, or investigation by any legislative committee or other instrumentality of government having legal authority to issue process for the attendance of witnesses, whether or not such process was in fact issued. (As amended by *General and Special Laws of Texas*, Acts 1961, 57th Leg., p. 654, ch. 303, #22)

Code of Criminal Procedure of Texas of 1965

Article 13.01—Offenses Not Committed In The State

Prosecutions for offenses committed wholly or in part without, and made punishable by law within this State, may be begun and carried on in any county in which the offender is found.

Article 13.04—Perjury and False Swearing

Perjury and false swearing may be prosecuted in the county where committed, or in the county where the false statement is used or attempted to be used.

Texas Rules of Civil Procedure

Rule 145. Affidavit of Inability

A party who is required to give security for costs may file with the clerk or justice of the peace an affidavit that he is too poor to pay the costs of court and is unable to give security therefor; and the clerk or justice shall issue process and perform all other services required of him, in the same manner as if the security had been given. Any party to the suit, or the clerk or justice, shall have the right to contest such affidavit. Such contest may be tried before the trial of the cause, at such time as the court may fix, at the term of court at which the affidavit is filed, after notice thereof has been given to the opposite party or his attorney of record. In the event a contest is filed, the burden shall be on the affiant to prove his alleged inability in open court by evidence other than by the affidavit above referred to.

